

**St Cuthbert's
Catholic High School**
Live life in all its fullness

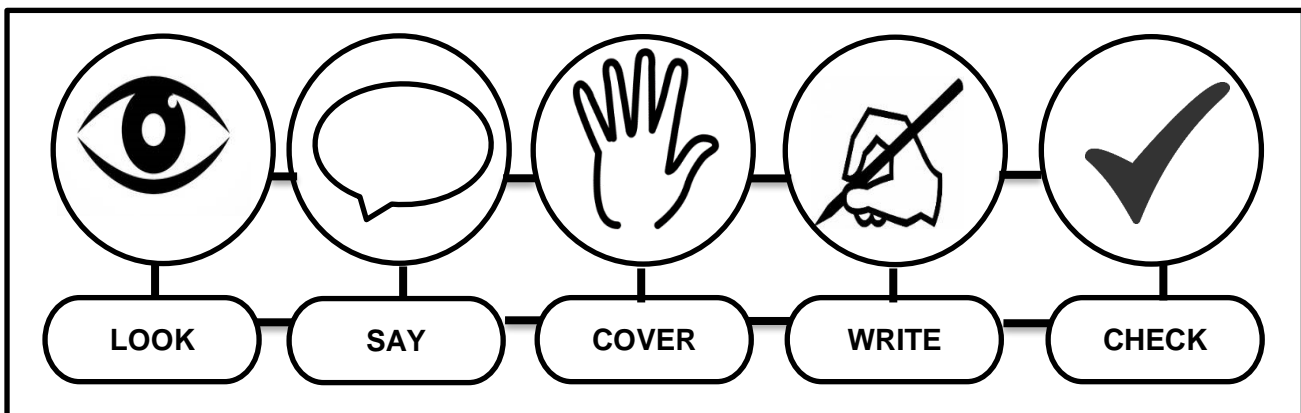
Look – Say – Cover – Write - Check

At St Cuthbert's Catholic High School, we are aiming to create a five-year curriculum plan that builds effective learning strategies into homework and lessons.

This is based on evidence, so we know that if you do it well, it will work! Retrieval practice using the look-say-cover-write-check technique, when done in regular small chunks, is one of the best ways you can learn relevant knowledge over time.

At the start of every ½ term, you will be given a knowledge organiser for every subject. These will show you the exact facts, dates, events, characters, concepts and precise definitions that we need you to remember for that topic. Securing this knowledge base will allow you to develop your skills of understanding, analysis and evaluation in lessons more effectively.

You will be given an A4 Knowledge Organiser (KO) booklet for each ½ term containing all of your KOs, and 'look-say-cover-write-check' (LSCWC) exercise books from your Form Tutor.













You will carry out LSCWC from your knowledge organisers for homework, as guided by your teachers, following your Learning timetable.

For this, you will use your LSCWC exercise book that you will take between school and home. To do this, look at a small section from the knowledge organiser. Read aloud for 2 or 3 minutes then you will cover up part of your knowledge organiser, write it out from memory (in a black pen), then self-check and correct any spelling mistakes, missing bits or mistakes (in a red pen). You will be tested on this in future lessons. This way, you will learn the most valuable knowledge in every subject by heart and free up space in your brain to develop your skills.

We are really looking forward to teaching you!

Literacy Knowledge Organiser – Year 7

<u>Key Punctuation</u>	
<p><u>Full Stop</u> </p> <p>Full stops are used at the end of a statement.</p>	<p><u>Question Mark</u> </p> <p>Use these to indicate a question is being asked.</p>
<p><u>Comma</u> </p> <p>Use commas in lists and to separate extra information.</p>	<p><u>Apostrophe</u> </p> <p>Use apostrophes to show possession or missing letters.</p>
<p><u>Colon</u> </p> <p>Use this to introduce a list or to join two parts of a sentence.</p>	<p><u>Semi-colon</u> </p> <p>Use this to join two closely related, equally important parts of a sentence.</p>
<p><u>Exclamation Mark</u> </p> <p>Use this to emphasise strong feelings such as shock, surprise or anger.</p>	<p><u>Brackets</u> </p> <p>Use these to add extra, non-essential, information to a sentence.</p>


<u>Frequently Misused Words:</u>	
	
Alot	A lot
Would of	Would have
Eachother	Each other
Aswell	As well
Inbetween	In between

<u>Homophones</u>	
<p><u>There</u> – Place or position.</p> <p><u>Their</u> – belonging to them.</p> <p><u>They're</u> – They are.</p>	<p><u>Where</u> – Place or position.</p> <p><u>Were</u> – Plural past tense of 'to be'.</p> <p><u>We're</u> – We are/We were.</p>

<p><u>To</u> – Preposition to show motion.</p> <p><u>Too</u> – Adverb meaning 'also'.</p> <p><u>Two</u> – Number.</p>	<p><u>Your</u> – belonging to you.</p> <p><u>You're</u> – You are.</p>
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Spelling Strategies


Pictures

H +  ear = hear

Invent Mnemonics

Accommodation = Cosy Cottages; Magnificent Mansions



Necessary = 1 collar, 2 socks 

Critical self-checking

Does it look right?

Syllables

Ad – ver – tise – ment

Letter Pattern Links

light bright sight

fight might

Other versions of the word

definite, finite, finish

Word origins

satis – enough

bicycle – two wheels

Dictionary



Look,

Say,

Cover,

Write,

Check

Words within words

business –

bus in ess

separate –

there's a rat in

separate

Numeracy Knowledge Organiser – Year 7

Multiplication and Division Facts:

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

Prime Numbers up to 100:

2	3	7	11	13	17	19	23	29	31	37	41
43	47	53	59	61	67	71	73	79	83	89	97

Finding Percentages by hand:

Find 50%	Divide by 2
Find 10%	Divide by 10
Find 1%	Divide by 100

Fraction, Percentages and Equivalents:

<u>Fraction</u>	<u>Decimals</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
1/2	0.5	50%
1/4	0.25	25%
3/4	0.75	75%
1/3	0.3	33.3%
2/3	0.6	66.6%
1/5	0.2	20%
1/10	0.1	10%

Place Value Table

Million	H Th	T Th	Th	H	T	U		Tenths	Hundreths	Thousandths
1,000,000	100,000	10,000	1000	100	10	1	●	1/10	1/100	1/1000